



LEDALITE

by  **signify**



AccuRender
technology

Suspended, Surface,
Wall, Cove, and Recessed



The right light
brings colors to life



Define and differentiate...see the difference

Standard CRI 80



Good color rendering
and high efficacy

Standard CRI 90



Better color rendering
and low efficacy

AccuRender



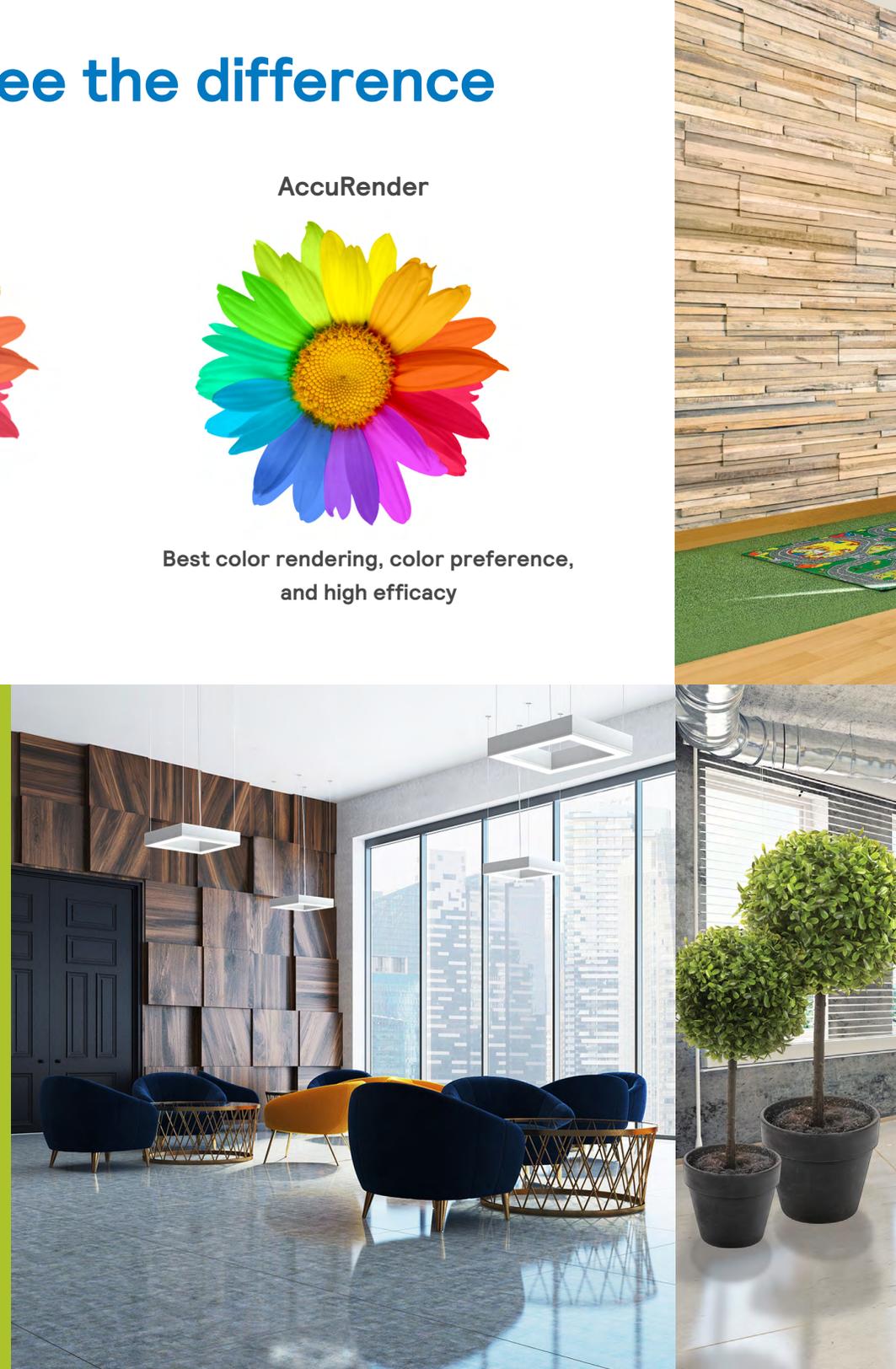
Best color rendering, color preference,
and high efficacy

Note: Photos are for illustrative purposes only

As the WELL Building Standard indicates, "Color quality impacts visual appeal and can either contribute to or detract from occupant comfort. Poor color quality can reduce visual acuity and the accurate rendering of illuminated objects. For instance, foods, human skin tones and plants may appear dull or unsaturated under lights that have low color quality metrics."¹

Our new AccuRender technology helps ensure colors are rendered more accurately and consistently, while doing so as efficiently, as CRI 80 products.

¹ <https://standard.wellcertified.com/light/color-quality>





Most lighting today has a CRI level of 80, so the shift to higher color rendering marks a change in lighting quality, which is of critical importance to office, healthcare, retail, hospitality, and education facilities, where light quality and well rendered colors can be vital for task effectiveness.

AccuRender technology takes color rendering to a new level and will soon be standard across our entire portfolio with almost no sacrifice to luminaire efficacy.



Sacrifice no more!

No more giving up high efficacy to get high color rendering

No more wasted energy and higher electric bills

No more inconsistent light color output

	Standard CRI 80	Standard CRI 90	AccuRender by Ledalite
Efficacy	Varies	~20-25% efficacy loss compared to CRI 80	≤5% efficacy loss compared to CRI 80
Color Temperatures	Typically 3000K – 4000K	Typically 2700K – 3500K	2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, 5000K
SDCM	3 SDCM	3 SDCM	≤2 SDCM
Spectral Data (SPD)	Not readily available	Not readily available	Data available upon request
TM-30	Not readily available	Not readily available	R_f up to 92, $R_{f,h1}$ up to 91, R_g up to 100, and $R_{cs,h1}$ up to -5%. Published in spec sheets/photometry.
MDER	Not readily available	Not readily available	Up to 0.80. Published in spec sheets/photometry.
R_g	> 0	> 50	> 50. Published in spec sheets/photometry.
Title 24	Does not contribute	Does not contribute	Contributes
WELL Building Standard	Does not contribute	Contributes	Contributes

Enjoy design flexibility

Full range of products and options:

Available soon in across Ledalite portfolio
for application flexibility

Multiple CCTs and lumen packages offered

Achieve color balance

Best in class color consistency:

≤ 2 SDCM promotes aesthetic harmony
in your space

Show your true colors

High color rendering:

CRI:

R_a up to 94, R_g up to 67,
 G_a up to 99, C_g up to 94

TM-30:

R_f up to 92, $R_{f,h1}$ up to 91,
 R_g up to 100, $R_{cs,h1}$ up to -5%

True to life colors to help energize
your environment and render better
flesh tones critical for Healthcare,
Hospitality and Retail

Promote savings

High efficacy, with no penalty:

Energy efficacy compares well to
conventional CRI 80

Up to 25% more energy savings vs
competitor CRI 90¹

Helps you meet Title 24 requirements

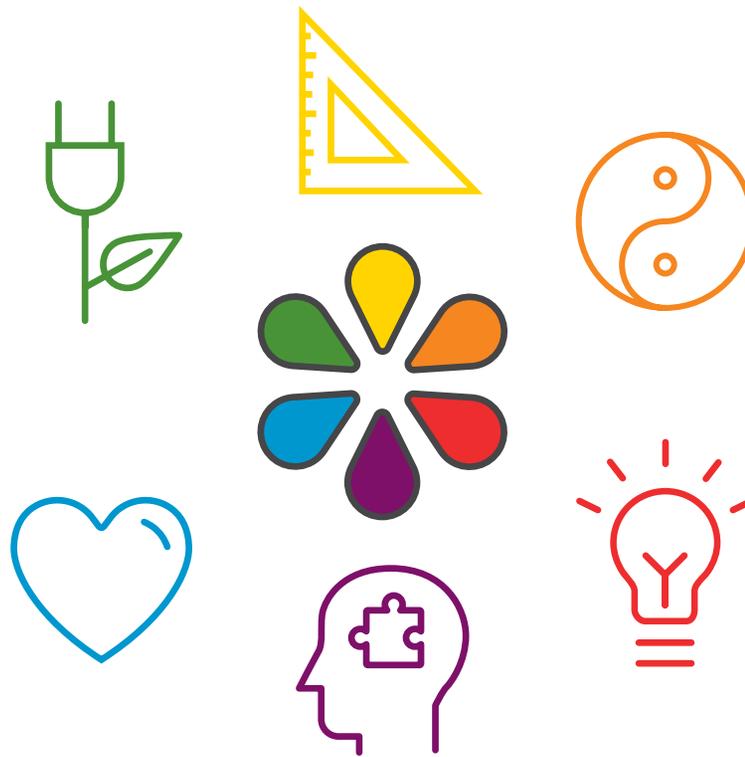
Bolster wellbeing

High MDER:

AccuRender has a Melanopic
Daylight Efficacy Ratio up to 0.80

Helps support Circadian Rhythm²

Earns points towards
WELL Building Standard



Contribute to productivity

High MDER:

Supports daytime vitality³ and alertness⁴

Supports mood, thermo-regulation, and learning
centers in the brain⁵

May positively influence work engagement by
helping make the environment more attractive⁶

¹ Based on comparison of published spec sheet data, most competitor offerings reflect a 15 to 25% efficacy loss for CRI 90 compared to CRI 80, while Ledalite AccuRender results in only ≤5% drop compared to CRI 80.

² Czeisler, 1999; Dijk & Archer, 2009; Lucas 2012, 2019

³ Partonen 2000

⁴ Viola 2008, Smolders 2012; Geerdink 2017

⁵ Fernandez 2018; Rupp, 2019

⁶ Veitch, Jennifer & Stokkermans, Mariska & R. Newsham, Guy. (2013). Linking Lighting Appraisals to Work Behaviors. Environment and Behavior. 45. 198-214. 10.1177/0013916511420560.

Full range indoor architectural LED luminaires – now with AccuRender technology!

*Please contact your Signify rep for release schedule

Linear Suspended

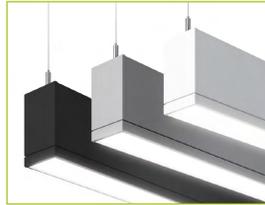
EyeLine



ModiFly



TruGroove



MicroSquare



BoldPlay



Jump



Chopstick



Verge



Sync



Sona



FloatPlane



Linear Wall

EyeLine



ModiFly



TruGroove



MicroSquare



BoldPlay



Jump



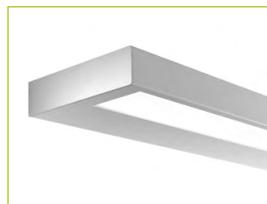
Chopstick



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FloatPlane

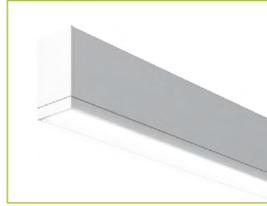


Linear Surface

Jump



TruGroove

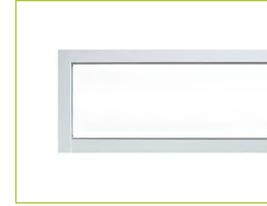


MicroSquare



Linear Recessed

TruGroove 3"

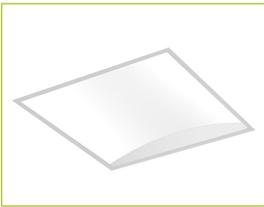


TruGroove Micro 1.75"



Recessed/Surface

ArcForm



PureFX



Vectra



SilkSpace
Performance



VersaForm



SilkSpace
Definition



Shine



Perimeter/Cove

TruGroove Perimeter
Graze and Ambient



TruGroove Cove

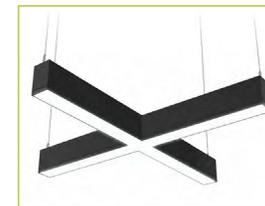


Patterns/Shapes

ModiFly Patterns



TruGroove Shapes



Technical terms explained

CRI

Color Rendering Index R_a is calculated in accordance with CIE 013.3 1995, Method of Measuring and Specifying Colour Rendering Properties of Light Sources. Eight pastel test colors (R_1 - R_8) are used to determine the color shifts and hence the Specific Color Rendering Indices for a test illuminant. R_a is the average of the Specific Color Rendering Indices of these first eight test colors and is usually referred to simply as CRI. Six additional colors (R_9 - R_{14}) can be used for special purposes, R_9 being the indicator of Strong Red which is important for the high quality rendering of textiles, foods and skin tones.

The Global Lighting Association provides calculation procedures for associated CRI-based color rendition properties include a Color Gamut Index (G_a), Chroma Indices (C_i). G_a and C_9 (being the Red chroma Index) have been calculated for luminaires with AccuRender and are presented on spec sheets and photometry reports.

Color Rendering Index (CRI) is a scale from 0 to 100 percent indicating how accurate a "given" light source is at rendering color when compared to a "reference" light source. The higher the CRI, the better the color rendering ability. Light sources with a CRI ≥ 80 and $R_9 \geq 0$ are considered good and those with a CRI ≥ 90 and $R_9 \geq 50$ are considered excellent at color rendering.

AccuRender delivers CRI $R_a \geq 90$, $R_9 \geq 50$, G_a up to 99, and C_9 up to 94.

TM-30

TM-30 is a method to describe the color quality of the light source. It utilizes four metrics: R_f is the metric to describe color fidelity color fidelity. Higher is better fidelity i.e. Colors appear as you would expect. $R_{f,h1}$ describes the red fidelity index. Higher numbers indicate a higher degree of saturation of the reds (critical for rendering complexions well). R_g is the metric to describe the saturation of (all) colors. Higher number indicate higher degree of Vividness. $R_{cs,h1}$ is the metric to describe the red chroma shift. Values closer to 0% indicate less relative shift in chroma. IES TM-30 Annex E Gives us a new tool to dial in the color quality to match the project requirements by selecting a Preference Priority.

AccuRender provides R_f up to 92, $R_{f,h1}$ up to 91, R_g up to 100 and $R_{cs,h1}$ up to -5%.

Meets P2 and F2 recommended specification criteria TM-30 Annex E.

Standard Deviation Color Matching (SDCM)

Also known as a "MacAdam ellipse", a 1-step MacAdam ellipse defines a zone in the CIE 1931 2 deg (xy) color space within which the human eye cannot discern color difference.

Typical industry color consistency is 3 SDCM.

AccuRender delivers a tightly binned luminaire to luminaire color consistency of ≤ 2 SDCM across the entire Ledalite portfolio.

Melanopic Daylight Efficacy Ratio (Melanopic DER, or MDER)

Bright light during the day (with spectral content peaking in the cyan) stimulates the ipRGC cells in our eyes, which suppresses the production of the night-time hormone melatonin and stimulates circadian rhythm. Melanopic DER as defined in the International Standard CIE S 026 2018 is a measure that indicates whether the spectrum of a light source has an equal, larger or smaller (melanopsin) stimulation, compared to standard daylight (D65), which has an MDER value of 1. Luminaires with an MDER value close to 1 can help support biorhythm and sleep and may contribute to better health and well-being¹.

AccuRender delivers high MDER values of up to .80 without sacrificing lumen output, efficacy or color quality.

¹ <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6961531/>

Title 24

2019 Building Energy Efficiency Standards, CAT24 Part 6 is the building code applied to nonresidential buildings in California. Its requirements are among the most stringent in the US.

AccuRender can help a project team meet the lighting and power requirements in non-residential spaces and comply with the 2019 Building Energy Efficiency Standards, CA Title 24 Part 6. Section 150. requiring high efficacy light sources

AccuRender with SpaceWise or POE also contributes to lighting control requirements in Section 130.1 and 130.2.

AccuRender contributes to meeting color quality requirements in Section JA8.3.4: for low rise residential buildings: . (b) Color Rendering Index (CRI) of 90 or higher and color rendering R9 value of 50 or higher and (c) All light sources shall be capable of providing a nominal Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) of 4000 Kelvin or less.

WELL Building Standard

The WELL Building Standard is an evidence based, voluntary building rating system focused on health and well-being. The International WELL Building Institute (IWBI), a public benefit company, develops and maintains the standard and administers project certification. Certification is based on data driven environmental assessments and onsite performance verification.

AccuRender contributes to Lighting Features, LO3, LO7.

