

Environmental Product Declaration PowerBalance gen2

as per ISO 14021, based on ISO 14040/14044

Philips PowerBalance Gen2 is our most energy-efficient, officecompliant LED luminaire. Designed for circularity and enhanced wellbeing, this office luminaire also promises futureproof connectivity. State-of-the-art efficacy (at CRI >90), upgradability features, a long lifetime, repairability, and design for recyclability make PowerBalance Gen2 a true 'green choice'. One that also delivers significantly lower operational costs to ensure an attractive payback that meets the needs of businesses and the specification market. The Gen2 architecture in the latest PowerBalance range has enabled us to create a range of highly-versatile modular and semi-modular luminaires. These LED luminaires can be easily mounted in ceilings with an exposed T-bar or concealed T-bar, as well as plaster ceilings and bandraster-type ceilings. PowerBalance is a solution with superior lighting specifications combined with a best-in-class connectivity using Interact Pro - all with a sustainable approach to high-performance office lighting.



- Best-in-class efficacy up to 140 lm/W supports green 3000K, 4000K, Tunable White options with CRI >90
- Long lifetime 50,000 hours @L90
- Prepared for circularity (no glue, replaceable electronics, upgradable system, efficient and long lifetime)
- Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) guide
- Connected system ready with Interact Pro scalable platform using integrated sensors and/or wireless drivers for data collection, occupancy, daylight regulation and wayfinding

Product

Product family range

The PowerBalance gen2 family includes 130 products, the assembly of the products is implemented on the manufacturing site in Signify Poland DDS Pila. The manufacturing site of the product has achieved carbon neutrality as of 2019.

The EPD does not present the assessment of the impacts of the whole range, and focused on representation through the representative product rather than through average impacts with assessment of deviations.

Representative product

PowerBalance gen2 product RC461B LED34S/940 PSD W60L60 VPC PIP is chosen as a representative product for the family as the luminaire which is the high-runner of the family.

Product application

The luminaires of the family are designed for a broad range of indoor applications such as offices, education and healthcare.

Technical Data

The system comprises a set of modules that are the key building blocks for a luminaire. A typical application has the following technical features:

- · Frame Housing made of post-painted sheet metal.
- · Module housing made of Polycarbonate.
- Reflector part made of white HR Polycarbonate, special resin
- Diffusers made from Polycarbonate Teijin special reflective type.
- 4 x LED boards: LBA PointP 2ft 2835 23L 36UP 940 H21, 4x2ft. in series, 144 LED's count in total.
- •1 x Touch&Dim Dali driver Xitanium 35W 0.08-0.35A 220V TD21 230V.
- \cdot 1 x TrustSight DALI 45–300V LFP in combination with TD DALI Xitanium, PIP and Wieland connectors.

Delivery status

Product weight: 5,56 kg (including 1,16 kg packaging), dimensions of the packed product: 645mm*795mm*100mm

Driver:

i.	Туре	Xitanium 35W 0.08-0.35A 220V TD21 230V
ii.	Failure rate (max % @lifetime)	5%
iii.	Dimensions, mm	280x30x22

LED board

i.	Туре	LBA PointP 2ft 2835 23L 36UP 940 H22
ii.	Dimension board, mm	480x53
iii.	Amount of PCBA per luminaire	4
iv.	Number of LEDs per PCBA	36

Constructional data

Name	Value	Unit		
Dimensions	86*597*597	mm*mm*mm		
Luminous flux	3400	Lm		
Luminous efficacy	139	lm/W		
Radiation angle	120	deg		
Colour temperature	3400	K		

Base materials/Ancillary materials

Materials	Mass, kg
Plastics / PC (Polycarbonate)	2,35
Metals / Steel	1,10
Recycled cardboard	0,85
Electric Comp's / PCBA without cables	0,32
Packaging / Paper	0,30
Electric Comp's / Electronic ballasts with connectors	0,19
Metals / Steel Painted	0,16
Plastics / ABS	0,13
Paint, Lacquers, Coatings / Paint Powder PU based	0,068
Paint, Lacquers, Coatings / Paint Solvent based	0,040
Electric Comp's / Connectors PA	0,016
Electric Comp's / Cables PVC	0,011
Paint, Lacquers, Coatings / Paint Enzym based	0,010
Paint, Lacquers, Coatings / Paint Powder epoxy based	0,0060
Packaging / Labels , ink, adhesives	0,0044
Plastics / PA polyamide	0,0040
Product weight (including packaging): 5,56 kg	

Manufacturing

Manufacturing of the product is done by European suppliers, drivers and LED boards by Signify Poland in Pila - LE, final assembly and metal parts by Signify Poland in Pila - DDS, injection moulding by Sungsam-Zem Poland im Elk.

Product processing/Installation

Product can be mounted on the ceiling.

Packaging

1,16 kg, including cardboard box, plastic tape and metal staple.

Condition of use

Designed for Indoor use only, in temperature 10°C to 35°C. Applications may apply dimming or lighting controls to allow further energy saving. The product is used in the European market context and assumed to use the average European electricity mix.

Environment and health during use

The product is compliant with the European RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU of 8 June 2011 on Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic equipment and with the European REACH regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of

18 December 2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals.

Reference service life

The RSL is established as 50 000 hours operation, the equivalent of 20 years operation in an office application (2500 hours per year).

End of life

In the European Union, luminaires fall within the scope of the WEEE directive. Efforts are made to improve collection, reuse and recycling of the product mainly via collective Collection & Recycling Service Organizations (CRSOs). In the end of life, the luminaire is 85% collected and disassembled. The collected parts are disassembled and steel, electronic parts, and cables and are sent to recycling. The quantitative assessments are based on a material split and respective recycling rates. Non-collected and non-recycled after disassembly content is disposed to the municipal waste stream where it undergoes separation, preparation and treatment according to the average European statistics. Waste generated in installation and parts replacement are 100% collected and sent to respective treatment.

Extraordinary effects

- · Fire: effects of fire can lead to emissions of PBDD/F (brominated compounds).
- · Water: no known impacts on the environment following unforeseeable influence of water, e.g. flooding.
- · Mechanical destruction: no known impacts on the environment following unforeseeable mechanical destruction.

Further information

Details of the product are published on: https://www.lighting.philips.nl/

Calculation rules

Declared unit

Declared product	Value	Declared unit		
RC461B LED34S/940 PSD W60L60 VPC PIP	Unit	1 piece		

The declared unit is a luminaire with a steel and polycarbonate housing, 1 driver, 4 LED boards, cables, and other plastic, and metal constructive components totalling a weight of 4,40 kg excluding packaging, providing a luminous flux of 3400 lm, including luminaire losses. The luminaire, provides sufficient light for a typical office application, operated in a European context for 50 000 hours.

System boundary

Cradle to gate with options

Modules A1-A3 include: raw material extraction, processing, energy and materials and manufacture of modules and packaging.

The following scenarios are also included:

- Transport to installation (A4);
- Disposal of packaging materials (A5);
- Replacement of driver (5% rate) (B3);
- · Operational energy use (B6);
- Transport to end of life (C2);
- · Waste processing (C3);
- Final disposal for WEEE fraction not recycled (C4).
- Benefits and loads beyond system boundary: Recycling of cardboard packaging, electronics, cables, steel elements of luminaire. (D)

Estimates and assumptions

Background data are used for suppliers' specific processes. Foreground data are used for the assembly of the lighting unit in regards to the components of the luminaire (system). When necessary, generic data was generated based on averaging the data of multiple products of the same category. Data on collection and recycling are based on data of the generic European statistics. The end of life scenario assumes recycling of the separated materials, but does not include energy recovery from incineration of the waste. Representation of the family is assumed on the worst case scenario with largest power consumption over the lifetime, and is not compliant with EN15804+A1.

Cut-off criteria

Where no data was available, items that represent less than 1% of the total product weight were neglected. No excluded flows were of any known particular environmental concern.

Background data

Necessary background data are sourced from the Signify database and the Ecoinvent database v3.8.

Data quality

Specific data used is less than 5 years old. Background data is geographically representative of the production location, and is less than 10 years old.

Period under review

The period under review is the year 2022 for the product composition, RSL, and product performance and characteristics, year 2021 for the energy and material consumption at the assembly factory.

Allocation

Avoided burden approach is applied to allocation of recycled and/or secondary raw materials, as well as loads and benefits beyond the system boundary from material recycling. No loads and benefits beyond the system boundary from energy recovery in the end of life of the product or packaging is included. Energy consumption, material and waste generation at the manufacturing site not attributed to bill of materials of the products, is allocated by partitioning, on the basis of units produced.

Comparability

A comparison or an evaluation of the presented data is only possible if the data to be compared were created according to the Signify/Philips lighting framework and the building context, respectively the product specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

Transport to the site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit		
Transport distance	1200	Km		
Transport mode	truck, unspecified generic	-		
Capacity utilisation incl. empty runs	45	%		
Bulk density of transported product	108,38	kg/m3		

Installation at the site (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Packaging waste		1,16 kg

Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit	
Reference service life	20	Years	
Operating hours per year	2500	Hours	
Quality of work	L90B50	-	
Environment of operation	Average European conditions. No extreme exposure to chemicals or pollution is implied.	_	
Usage conditions	Indoor	-	

Repair (B3)

Name	Value 1	Unit		
Repair process	Replacement of the driver	-		
Repair cycle	0,05	Number/RSL		
Resources	0,19	Kg		
Transportation distance	4,8	Km		
Transportation mode	Van	-		

Operational energy use (B6)

Name	Value	Unit
Electricity consumption	1265,30	kWh
Equipment output	24	W

End of life (C1-C4)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately	3,58	kg
Sent to recycling	1,98	kg
Sent to energy recovery	0,74	kg
Sent to landfilling	1,50	kg
Transportation distance from point of use to collection and sorting point	30	km
Transportation distance from collection point to recycling	100	km
Transportation distance from collection point to incineration and landfilling	30	km
Mode of transportation	Truck, unspecified	-

LCA Results

Description of the system boundary (X = included in Ica; MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant)

Construction process stage			Use sta	ige						End of	life stage	9		Benefits and loads beyond the system boundarys		
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	Reuse - Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	MND	MND	X	MNR	MNR	X	MND	MND	X	X	X	X

Results of the LCA - environmental impact

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B3	В6	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	[kg CO2Eq.]	5,8E+01	8,7E-01	9,6E-02	2,3E+00	4,9E+02	5,4E-02	1,3E-01	3,7E+00	-4,1E+00
ODP	[kg CFC11Eq]	1,0E-05	1,6E-07	8,8E-09	3,1E-07	2,9E-05	9,9E-09	1,0E-08	1,3E-08	-1,4E-06
AP	[kg SO2Eq.]	2,8E-01	3,7E-03	4,9E-04	1,0E-02	2,4E+00	2,3E-04	7,2E-04	9,0E-04	-6,4E-02
EP	[kg (PO4)3Eq]	3,7E-02	6,9E-04	6,1E-05	1,4E-03	3,1E-01	4,3E-05	1,4E-04	3,5E-04	-4,6E-03
POCP	[kg Ethen Eq.]	1,7E-02	1,2E-04	2,8E-05	5,8E-04	9,8E-02	7,2E-06	3,9E-05	5,7E-05	-3,2E-03
ADPE	[kg Sb Eq.]	4,3E-03	2,7E-06	3,3E-06	9,6E-05	4,7E-03	1,7E-07	3,1E-06	5,6E-06	-2,1E-03
ADPF	[MJ]	6,2E+02	1,3E+01	1,2E+00	3,0E+01	5,6E+03	8,1E-01	1,5E+00	1,0E+00	-7,1E+O1

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Results of the LCA - resource use

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B3	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	5,1E+01	2,0E-01	1,4E-01	1,4E+00	2,2E+03	1,2E-02	2,0E-01	1,7E-01	-1,9E+01
PERM	[MJ]	1,5E+01	0,0E+00							
PERT	[MJ]	6,6E+01	2,0E-01	1,4E-01	1,4E+00	2,2E+03	1,2E-02	2,0E-01	1,7E-01	-1,9E+01
PENRE	[MJ]	4,5E+02	1,4E+01	1,4E+00	3,4E+01	1,1E+04	8,8E-01	1,8E+00	1,1E+00	-6,9E+01
PENRM	[MJ]	3,1E+02	0,0E+00	-1,4E+01						
PENRT	[MJ]	7,6E+02	1,4E+01	1,4E+00	3,4E+01	1,1E+04	8,8E-01	1,8E+00	1,1E+00	-8,3E+01
SM	[kg]	IND								
RSF	[MJ]	IND								
NRSF	[MJ]	IND								
FW	[m3]	IND								

Caption

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

Results of the LCA – output flows and waste categories

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В3	В6	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
NHWD	[kg]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
RWD	[kg]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
CRU	[kg]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
MFR	[kg]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	2,0E+00
MER	[kg]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	7,4E-01	IND
EEE	[MJ]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND
EET	[MJ]	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND

Caption

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy

Not all background datasets support the methodical approach of the water and waste indicators. The value of the indicator is therefore subject to greater uncertainty. These indicators are thus not declared. IND is used in cases where the inventory does not support the methodological approach or the calculation of the specific indicator.

The life cycle impact assessment by stage (contribution analysis) is illustrated on the figure on the right:



The use phase of the product is associated with electricity consumption for lighting (stage B6 on the chart) and has the highest and most significant contribution to the overall environmental impacts of the product over its life cycle, in all impact categories. In particular, impacts in global warming potential (GWP), acidification potential (AP), eutrophication potential (EP), photochemical ozone creation potential (POCP), and abiotic depletion potential (fossil) (APDF) categories are attributed to the electricity consumption at a rate above 87%. Abiotic depletion potential (elements) (ADPE) impacts and ozone layer depletion potential (ODP) impacts also have a considerable impact contribution of the product manufacturing, including sourcing and processing the raw materials (stage A1-A3 on the chart). In that stage, the impact to the ADPE is mostly due to extraction of virgin materials used to make electric components, as well as due to extraction and production of metal mechanical elements. The ODP impacts of stage A1-A3 could be

attributed to sourcing temperature-resistant polymers. The end of life (stage D on the chart) of the product has a marginal contribution to the reduction of overall impacts in all categories apart from ADPE. There, recycling in the end of life (stage D on the chart) reduces the cumulative impact of production (A1–A3), distribution and installation (A4–A5), use (B3, B6), and end of life treatment (C2–C4) by 22,8%, relating to –29,5% of the total ADPE over the life cycle. This is achieved by high rates of luminaires collection in the end of their service, and high rates of recycling of the metals in the end of life of the luminaire.

Requisite evidence

The measurements are based on documentation and bill of materials of the product.

References

EN 15804:2012-04+A1 2013, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products.

ISO 14021:2016, Environmental labels and declarations — Self-declared environmental claims (Type II environmental labelling)

ISO 14040:2006, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework

ISO 14044:2006, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Requirements and guidelines

Disclaimer

All environmental calculations are based on a luminaire used in European context. The calculations are performed on the most commonly used luminaire in the range. The implemented life cycle analysis is compliant with DIN EN ISO 14040:2006: Environmental management - Life Cycle Assessment - Principles and framework. The LCA has been performed to the best of Signify's knowledge. No right or claim might be derived from this. Signify disclaims any and all claims with respect thereto.

Further information Please contact:

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Collection and Recycling (brochure)

Ecoinvent (website)

Glossary

ADP (Abiotic Depletion Potential): Impact related to the depletion of non-renewable resources, i.e. fossil fuels (ADPF), metals and minerals (ADPE).

AP (Acidification Potential): Contributions of SO2, NOx, HCl, NH3 and HF to the potential acid deposition, causing a wide range of impacts on soil, groundwater, surface water, organisms, ecosystems and buildings.

EP (Eutrophication Potential): Potential to cause over-fertilization of water and soil, which can result in increased growth of biomass.

GWP (Global Warming Potential): Relative measure of how much heat a greenhouse gas (CO2, N2O, CH4...) traps in the atmosphere. It is calculated over a specific time interval, commonly 20, 100 or 500

LCA: Life cycle assessment.

PCR: Product Category Rules.

PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials.

PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials.

PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy resources.

PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials.

PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials.

PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources.

POCP (Photo-chemical Oxidation Potential or photochemical smog): Formation of reactive substances (mainly ozone) which are injurious to human health and ecosystems and which also may damage crops.

RSL: Reference service life.



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